IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

WESTERN DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,) Case No. 17-cv-02575
Plaintiff,) Judge Andrea R. Wood
v.) Magistrate Judge Maria Valdez
CHENGSKY2013, et al.,)
Defendants.)))

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF PROCESS PURSUANT TO FED. R. CIV. P. 4(f)(3)

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(f)(3), Plaintiff Western Digital Technologies, Inc. ("Western Digital" or "Plaintiff") requests this Court's authorization to serve process by electronically publishing a link to the Amended Complaint, the Temporary Restraining Order, and other relevant documents on a website and by sending an e-mail to the e-mail addresses identified in Exhibit 2 to the Declaration of Cynthia Tregillis and any e-mail addresses provided for the Defendants by third parties that includes a link to said website. Western Digital submits that providing notice via electronic publication and e-mail, along with any notice that Defendants receive from payment processors, is reasonably calculated under all circumstances to apprise Defendants of the pendency of the action and afford them the opportunity to present their objections.

Electronic service is appropriate and necessary in this case because the Defendants, on information and belief, rely primarily on electronic communications to communicate with their third party service providers and customers, demonstrating the reliability of this method of communication by which Defendants may be apprised of the pendency of this action. Authorizing

service of process solely via e-mail and electronic publication will benefit all parties and the Court by ensuring that Defendants receive prompt notice of this action, thus allowing this action to move forward expeditiously. Absent the ability to serve Defendants in this manner, Western Digital will almost certainly be left without the ability to pursue a final judgment.

Online Marketplace Account operators accepting PayPal must provide a valid e-mail address to customers for completing payment. Gaudio Declaration at ¶ 2. As such, it is far more likely that Defendants can be served electronically than through traditional service of process methods.

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(f)(3) allows this Court to authorize service of process by any means not prohibited by international agreement as the Court directs. *Rio Props., Inc. v. Rio Int'l Interlink*, 284 F.3d 1007, 1014 (9th Cir. 2002). The Ninth Circuit in *Rio Properties* held, "without hesitation," that e-mail service of an online business defendant "was constitutionally acceptable." *Id.* at 1017. The Court reached this conclusion, in part, because the defendant conducted its business over the Internet, used e-mail regularly in its business, and encouraged parties to contact it via e-mail. *Id.*

Similarly, a number of Courts, including the Northern District of Illinois, have held that alternate forms of service pursuant to Rule 4(f)(3), including e-mail service, are appropriate and may be the only means of effecting service of process "when faced with an international e-business scofflaw." *Id.* at 1018; see also, Deckers Outdoor Corporation v. The Partnerships, et al., No. 15-cv-3249 (N.D. Ill. April 4, 2015) (unpublished) (Order granting Ex Parte Motion for Temporary Restraining Order, which included permission to serve electronically). Western Digital submits that allowing service solely by e-mail and electronic publication in the present case is appropriate

and comports with constitutional notions of due process, particularly given the decision by Defendants to conduct their activities online and anonymously.

Furthermore, Rule 4 does not require that a party attempt service of process by other methods enumerated in Rule 4(f) before petitioning the court for alternative relief under Rule 4(f)(3). Rio Props., 284 F.3d at 1014-15. As the Rio Properties Court explained, Rule 4(f) does not create a hierarchy of preferred methods of service of process. Id. at 1014. To the contrary, the plain language of the Rule requires only that service be directed by the court and not be prohibited by international agreement. There are no other limitations or requirements. Id. Alternative service under Rule 4(f)(3) is neither a "last resort" nor "extraordinary relief," but is rather one means among several by which an international defendant may be served. Id. As such, this Court may allow Western Digital to serve the Defendants via electronic publication and e-mail.

Additionally, Western Digital is unable to determine the exact physical whereabouts or identities of Defendants due to their provision of incomplete and/or false street addresses. Western Digital, however, has good cause to suspect the account holders of the respective Online Marketplace Accounts are all residents of China. The People's Republic of China is a signatory to the Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra-Judicial Documents in Civil and Commercial Matters (the "Hague Convention"). Gaudio Declaration at ¶ 3. The Hague Convention does not preclude service by e-mail, and the declarations to the Hague Convention filed by China do not appear to expressly prohibit e-mail service. *Id*.

According to Article 1 of the Hague Convention, the "convention shall not apply where the address of the person to be served with the document is not known." *Id.* As such, United States District Courts, including in this District, routinely permit alternative service of process notwithstanding the applicability of the Hague Convention. *See e.g.*, *In re Potash Antitrust Litig.*,

667 F. Supp. 2d 907, 930 (N.D. Ill. 2009) ("plaintiffs are not required to first attempt service through the Hague Convention."). In addition, the law of the People's Republic of China does not appear to prohibit electronic service of process. Gaudio Declaration at ¶ 4.

For the reasons set forth herein, Western Digital respectfully requests this Court's permission to serve Defendants via e-mail and electronic publication. In accordance with this request, the proposed Temporary Restraining Order includes authorization to serve Defendants electronically and provides for issuance of a single original summons¹ in the name of "CHENGSKY2013 and all other Defendants identified in the Amended Complaint" that shall apply to all Defendants in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(b).

Dated this 5th day of April 2017.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Justin R. Gaudio

Kevin W. Guynn
Amy C. Ziegler
Justin R. Gaudio
Jessica L. Bloodgood
Greer, Burns & Crain, Ltd.
300 South Wacker Drive, Suite 2500
Chicago, Illinois 60606
312.360.0080
312.360.9315 (facsimile)
kguynn@gbc.law
aziegler@gbc.law
jgaudio@gbc.law
jbloodgood@gbc.law

Counsel for Plaintiff Western Digital Technologies, Inc.

¹ The Advisory Committee Notes to the 1993 Amendment to Rule 4(b) states, "If there are multiple defendants, the plaintiff may secure issuance of a summons for each defendant, or may serve copies of a single original bearing the names of multiple defendants if the addressee of the summons is effectively identified." Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(b) advisory committee notes (1993) (emphasis added).